

(12)

2017

6. Answer/Choose the correct answer : 1×7=7

উত্তৰ লিখা/সুৰু উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা :

(a) "One is not born, but is made a woman."
Who said this?

"One is not born, but is made a woman." কোনে কৈছিল ?

(i) Simons de Beauvoir
চিমন্ ডি বোৱৰ

(ii) Mary Wollstonecraft
মেৰী বোলষ্টোনক্রাফট

(iii) Harriet Taylor
হেৰিয়াট টেইলৰ

(iv) J. S. Mill
জে. এচ. মিল

(15)

2017

(f) Identify the lady who recently gave up her long standing protest for the repeal of AFSPA (1958) and joined politics.
কোনগৰাকী যিহিলাই অলপতে তেওঁৰ AFSPA (1958) আইনখন বাতিলৰ বাবে কৰা বিৰোধিতা আন্দোলন পৰিত্যাগ কৰি ৰাজনীতিত যোগদান কৰে ?

(i) Anjali Daimari
অঞ্জলি দৈমাৰী

(ii) Irom Sharmila
ইৰম শৰ্মিলা

(iii) Birubala Rabha
বিৰুবালা ৰাভা

(iv) Mamoni Raisom Goswami
মাৰ্মনি ৰায়চম গোস্বামী

(g) Who is the leader of Narmada Bachao Andolan?
নৰ্মদা ৰচাও আন্দোলনৰ নেত্ৰী কোন ?

(10)

2018

(c) The name of the Jnanpeth award winner woman writer from Assam is
অসমৰ পৰা জ্ঞানপীঠ বঁটা বিজয়ী জৈয়কাগৰাকীৰ নাম
ই'ন

(i) Mamoni Raisom Goswami
মামনি বৰছম গোস্বামী

(ii) Nirmal Prava Bordoloi
নিৰ্মল প্ৰভা বৰদলৈ

(iii) Nirupama Borgohain
নিৰুপমা বৰগোহাঞি

(iv) Rita Choudhury
ৰীতা চৌধুৰী

(d) The Beijing Conference was held in
বেইজিং আধিবেশন অনুষ্ঠিত হৈছিল

(i) 1995
১৯৯৫ চনত

(ii) 1985
১৯৮৫ চনত

(iii) 1975
১৯৭৫ চনত

(iv) 1965
১৯৬৫ চনত

(e) What is the full form of CEDAW?
CEDAW-ৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ ৰূপটো কি ?

(f) The UN International Decade for
Women was
ৰাষ্ট্ৰসংঘৰ আন্তৰ্জাতিক মহিলা দশক আহি
লৈ

(i) 1965-1975

১৯৬৫-১৯৭৫

(ii) 1985-1995

১৯৮৫-১৯৯৫

(iii) 1995-2005

১৯৯৫-২০০৫

(iv) 1975-1985

১৯৭৫-১৯৮৫

(g) Who directed the film titled, Sandhya
Raag?
'সন্ধ্যা বাগ' ছবিখন কোনে পৰিচালনা কৰিছিল ?

(i) Santana Bordoloi
সন্তানা বৰদলৈ

(ii) Bhabendra Nath Saikia
ভবেন্দ্ৰ নাথ শৰ্কীয়া

(9)

2019

OPTION—D

(WOMEN AND POLITICS IN INDIA)

1. Answer/Choose the correct answer/Fill in the blank of the following : $1 \times 7 = 7$

তলত দিয়া প্রশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা/শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা/শূন্যস্থান পূৰণ কৰা :

(a) Discrimination of women is the product of

নাৰীৰ বৈষম্যতাৰ কাৰণ

(i) biological factor

জৈৱিক উপাদান

(ii) hereditary system

বংশগত পদ্ধতি

(iii) economic empowerment

অর্থনৈতিক সবলীকৰণ

(iv) culture and ideology

সংস্কৃতি আৰু আদৰ্শ

A9/670

(Turn Over)

(10)

২০১৯

(b) The Director of National Award winning Feature Film in 2018 is

২০১৮ চনৰ ৰাষ্ট্ৰীয় পুৰস্কাৰপ্ৰাপ্ত চলচ্চিত্ৰৰ
পৰিচালকগৰাকী হ'ল

(i) Santana Bardoloi

সান্তানা বৰদলৈ

(ii) Anurag Basu

অনুৰাগ বাসু

(iii) Rima Das

ৰীমা দাস

(iv) Rima Kagti

ৰীমা কাগতি

(c) The Second Sex was written by _____.

The Second Sex নামৰ গ্ৰন্থখনৰ ৰচয়িতা আছিল
_____।

(d) What is the full form of GDI?

GDI ৰ সম্পূৰ্ণ ৰূপটো কি ?

81 who is the author of the book ;

The Subjection of Women?

- (i) J.S. Mill , (ii) Betty Friedmann
- (iii) Mary Wollstonecraft . (iv) None of the



4. Critically evaluate the role of United Nations in women's development. 10
নাৰীৰ বিকাশত ষাট্টিসংখৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে এক সমালোচনামূলক মূল্যায়ন আগবঢ়োৱা।

Or / অথবা

- Analyze the change in the status of women from colonial to post-colonial period in India. 10
ভাৰতত ঔপনিৱেশিক সময়ৰ পৰা উত্তৰ-ঔপনিৱেশিক সময়লৈকে মহিলাৰ মৰ্যাদাৰ পৰিৱৰ্তনৰ বিশ্লেষণ কৰা।

5. Is women a marginalized category in Indian politics? What is the overall pattern of participation of women in Indian politics? 5+5=10

ভাৰতীয় ৰাজনীতিত মহিলাসকল ক্ষুদ্ৰ আৰু উপান্ত গোট নেকি ?
ভাৰতীয় ৰাজনীতিত মহিলাৰ অংশগ্ৰহণৰ সামগ্ৰিক ছবিখন কেনে ?

Or / অথবা

- "Participation of women in political parties in India is more symbolic rather than real power wielding." Explain. 10
"ভাৰতত ৰাজনৈতিক দলসমূহত মহিলাৰ অংশগ্ৰহণ প্ৰকৃত ক্ষমতাস্বাধাৰণতকৈ অধিক প্ৰতীকধৰ্মী হে।" ব্যাখ্যা কৰা।

(Continued)

2015
 Choose the correct answer / Answer of following:

Q The author of the book, "The Subjection of women is

- (i) J.S. Mill
- (ii) Mary Wollstonecraft
- (iii) Betty Friedan
- (iv) Name of whom

Q What is the full form of SEWA?

- (i) doing household job
- (ii) bondage, hierarchy and inequality
- (iii) Freedom, equality and justice
- (iv) patriarchy

Q Beijing conference was held in

- (i) 1995
- (ii) 1985
- (iii) 1975
- (iv) 1965

Q Who is the chairman of Women's Commission in Assam?

- (i) Biological factor
- (ii) hereditary system
- (iii) economic empowerment
- (iv) culture rather than ideology

Q Who directed the film titled, 'Adaya'?

- (i) Muzim Borah
- (ii) Santana Bordoloi
- (iii) Jahnvi Baruah
- (iv) Name of them

G. $1 \times 7 = 7$

2019

a) In which year 'Towards Equality' was first published?

Ⓐ 1947, Ⓑ 1975, Ⓒ 1991, Ⓓ 2000

b) What is the full form of CEDAW?

c) Who is the author of the book, 'What is Patriarchy'?

d) Who is the founder of Self-Employed Women's Association?

Ⓐ Eta Bhatt, Ⓑ Medha Patkar, Ⓒ Vandana Shrivastava, Ⓓ Iliana Sen

e) Who is the author of the book, 'History of Dairy'?

Ⓐ Nivedita Menon, Ⓑ Radha Kumari

Ⓒ Kamla Bhasin, Ⓓ Bina Aggarwal

f) In which year was the first Mahila Samiti formed in Amravati?

Ⓐ 1917, Ⓑ 1915, Ⓒ 1927, Ⓓ 1930

2015

Question / Paper - 6.4

(Women and politics)

1) "participation of women in political parties in India is more symbolic rather than real power wielding." Explain. 10

OR,
Define 'domestic violence'. suggest remedial measures to eliminate domestic violence from our society.

2) Reflect on the constitutional provisions for women's rights in India. 10

OR
Make a comparative assessment of the status of women in India during colonial and post-colonial periods.

3) How do you analyse Narmada Bachao Andolan in terms of its leadership? 10

"Imparting education to the girl child will remove gender inequality." Explain.

4) write short notes on any three of the following. 5x3 = 15

- (a) women and development.
- (b) Domestic violence Act
- (c) Chandra Prava Saktikani
- (d) Abolition and women.

5) write briefly on any two of the following.

- (a) The family with the exception of military in times of war is the most violent institution
- (b) one is not born as a woman but becomes one?
- (c) Father protects the girl, husbands protects the wife and son protects the mother. woman is dependant all throughout her life.

by the committee on the Status of women in India in 1974. 10

4. $5 \times 3 = 15$

a) women and Education

b) women's Reservation Bill

c) women and Environment

d) Globalization and women

e) women in Freedom Movement.

5. (any two) $4 \times 2 = 8$

a) what do you think are the important causes of the adverse sex ratio in the country?

b) Women's role as a mother is more glorified than that of a political decision maker.

Explain.

c) Granting of formal equality in civil and political matters will ensure the

20014

Political Science (M)

paper-6.4

1. Is women a marginalised category in Indian politics? what is the overall pattern of participation of women in Indian politics? Explain. 5+5

OR
What do you mean by status of women? what are the parameters to measure the status of women? Examine the status of women in pre-colonial period. 2+2+6

2. What are different forms of violence against women in India? Can the Act on prevention of Domestic violence really help women to come out of violence? 4+6

OR
Reflect on the constitutional provisions for women's right in India. 10

3. Describe the United Nations initiatives for women's development. 10

OR
Highlight some of the major issues suggested

(Turn Over)

5+5 Analyze the status of women in the pre-Colonial period. Do you think the status of women has changed in the contemporary times? Explain.

Or

10 3. What are the major issues highlighted by the Committee on the Status of Women in India, 1974?

10 Explain the importance of imparting education to the girl child.

Or

5+5 2. What are different forms of violence against women in India? Can the Domestic Violence Act of 2005 really help women to come out from violence? Explain.

5+5 How do you define status of women? What are the parameters to measure the status of women?

Or

5+5 1. Are women a marginalized category in Indian politics? What is the overall pattern of participation of women in Indian politics? Explain.

(Women and Politics In India)

OPTION—D

(b) Who wrote the book, *The Subjection of Women* (1869)?
The Subjection of Women (1869) નામ
કૃત્યનાર જિવ્યક કોના ?

(i) Elizabeth Cady Stanton
એલિઝાબેથ કેડિ ઈન્સ્ટોન

(ii) Mary Wollstonecraft
મેરિ વોલસ્ટોનક્રાફ્ટ

(iii) J. S. Mill
જે. એ. મિલ

(iv) Rousseau
રુસો

(c) The Protection of Women from the Domestic Violence Act came into effect from which of the following years?
ઘરકા શિક્ષાર નરા સુરક્ષાર મુદકાર ઘટિલવના કોના
કાયદા વગર સર ?

(i) 2005

(ii) 2006

(iii) 2007

(iv) 2008

(9)

2018

OPTION—D

(WOMEN AND POLITICS IN INDIA)

1. Answer/Choose the correct answer/Fill in the blank of the following : $1 \times 7 = 7$

তলত দিয়া প্রশ্নসমূহৰ উত্তৰ লিখা/শুদ্ধ উত্তৰটো বাছি উলিওৱা/শূন্যস্থান পূৰণ কৰা :

(a) Difference between men and women is the product of পুৰুষ আৰু নাৰীৰ মাজৰ বৈষম্যৰ কাৰণ

(i) biological factor
জৈৱিক উপাদান

(ii) hereditary system
বংশগত পদ্ধতি

(iii) economic empowerment
অর্থনৈতিক সৰলীকৰণ

(iv) culture rather than ideology
আদৰ্শগত নহয় সাংস্কৃতিকহে

(b) A *Vindication of the Rights of Woman* was written by _____.

A *Vindication of the Rights of Woman*-ৰ লিখক _____।

(Turn Over)

(iii) Jahnua Barua

জহ্নু বৰুৱা

(iv) Munin Barua

মুনীন বৰুৱা

2. Answer the following very briefly :

2x4

তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ অতি চমু উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) Name two women representatives in the present Union Cabinet.

বৰ্তমান কেন্দ্ৰীয় মন্ত্ৰীসভাত প্ৰতিনিধিত্ব কৰা দুগৰাকী মহিলাৰ নাম লিখা।

(b) Name two women freedom fighters from Assam.

অসমৰ দুগৰাকী মহিলা স্বাধীনতা সংগ্ৰামীৰ নাম লিখা।

(c) Mention two constitutional provisions for equality of women.

মহিলাৰ সমতাৰ বাবে ধৰ্মা দ্বাৰা সাৰ্বসাধাৰণিক ব্যৱস্থা উল্লেখ কৰা।

(d) Name two exponents of feminism.

নাৰিধাৰ্মৰ দুজন প্ৰবক্তাৰ নাম লিখা।

(15)

2018

Or / অথবা

Discuss the different forms of violence against women in India. How far is the Domestic Violence Act of 2005 successful in helping women to come out from violence?

5+5=10

ভাৰতত মহিলাৰ বিৰুদ্ধে সংঘটিত হোৱা বিভিন্ন প্ৰকাৰৰ হিংসাৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা। ২০০৫ চনৰ ঘৰুৱা হিংসা প্ৰতিৰোধ আইনখনে মহিলাক হিংসাৰ পৰা মুক্ত কৰিবলৈ কিমানদূৰ সফল হৈছে?

★★★

(e) In which year was *Towards Equality* first published?

Towards Equality নামৰ গ্ৰন্থখন প্ৰথমে কোন চনত প্ৰকাশিত হৈছিল ?

(i) 1947

১৯৪৭

(ii) 1975

১৯৭৫

(iii) 1991

১৯৯১

(iv) 2000

২০০০

(f) Feminists are against
নারীবাদিনীসকল

(i) doing household job

ঘৰুৱা কামকাজ কৰাৰ বিৰুদ্ধে

(ii) bondage, hierarchy and inequality

বন্দীত্ব, ত্বৰত্বতা আৰু অসমতাৰ বিৰুদ্ধে

d)

13/1/2013

(Turn Over)

(c) What is ecofeminism?

পাৰিপাৰ্শ্বিক নাৰীবাদ কি ?

(d) Name two well-known women environmentalists of India.

ভাৰতৰ দুগৰাকী প্ৰসিদ্ধ মহিলা পৰিবেশবাদীৰ নাম লিখা ।

3. Write short notes on any three of the following :
5×3=15

তলত দিয়া যি কোনো তিনিটাৰ ওপৰত চমু টোকা লিখা :

(a) Women and development

মহিলা আৰু বিকাশ

(b) Women's education and social change

নাৰীশিক্ষা আৰু সামাজিক পৰিৱৰ্তন

(c) Domestic Violence Act

গাৰ্হস্থ্য হিংসা প্ৰতিৰোধ আইন

(d) Globalization and women

বিশ্বায়ন আৰু নাৰী

(12)

2019

(iii) freedom, equality and justice

স্বাধীনতা, সমতা আৰু ন্যায্য বিৰুদ্ধে

(iv) matriarchy

মাতৃতত্ত্ব বিৰুদ্ধে

(g) Who is the Chairman of Women Commission in Assam?

অসমৰ মহিলা আয়োগৰ সভাপতি কোন ?

2. Answer the following very briefly :

2×4=8

তলত দিয়াবোৰৰ অতি চমু উত্তৰ লিখা :

(a) What is the relation between religious fundamentalism and violence against women?

ধৰ্মীয় মৌলবাদ আৰু মহিলাৰ বিৰুদ্ধে ঘটনা হিংসাৰ সম্পৰ্ক কি ?

(b) Mention any one feature of the Indian Constitution that enshrines the principle of gender equality.

জিহেগ সমতাৰ নীতি সন্নিবিষ্ট কৰা ভাৰতীয় সংবিধানৰ যি কোনো এটা বৈশিষ্ট্য উল্লেখ কৰা।

(d) In which of the following years was the report of the 'Committee on Status of Women in India' published?

ସ୍ତ୍ରୀ ସ୍ଥିତି କମିଟିର ରିପୋର୍ଟ ପ୍ରକାଶ ହେଉଥିବା ବର୍ଷ କେଉଁଟି ?

- (i) 1971
- (ii) 1972
- (iii) 1973
- (iv) 1974

(e) In which of the following years was All India Women's Conference (AIWC) formed?

ଭାରତ ସମଗ୍ରୀତ ମହିଳା ସମାଜର ସ୍ଥାପନା କେଉଁ ବର୍ଷ ?

- (i) 1925
- (ii) 1926
- (iii) 1927
- (iv) 1928

- (a) Sexual harassment at workplace is one of the major challenges of women's economic empowerment
 କର୍ମସ୍ଥଳରେ ଘଟୁଥିବା ଯୌନ ନିର୍ଯାତନା ମହିଳାଙ୍କ ଆର୍ଥିକ ଶକ୍ତିବୃଦ୍ଧିର ଏକ ବଡ଼ ପ୍ରାଚୀନ ସାମ୍ମୁଖିକ ସମସ୍ୟାକୁ ସୂଚାଇ ଦେଇଛି ।
- (b) Political parties do not prefer women candidates
 ସାମ୍ପ୍ରତିକ ସମୟରେ ଯାହାକି ମହିଳାଙ୍କୁ ନିଜର ପ୍ରାର୍ଥନାକାରୀ ପ୍ରାର୍ଥୀଙ୍କ ଭାବରେ ନିର୍ଦ୍ଦେଶ ଦେଇ ନାହିଁ ।
- (c) Women lack property rights despite various laws
 ବିଭିନ୍ନ ଆଇନ ସମ୍ମୁଖରେ ମହିଳାଙ୍କର ସମ୍ପତ୍ତି ସୁରକ୍ଷା ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ ଆଇନକାରୀଙ୍କର ଅନୁପାଳନ ଅନୁପାଳନ ନୁହେଁ ।

5. Write briefly on any two of the following :
 4x2=8
 ତଳେ ଦିଆଯାଇଥିବା କୌଣସି ଦୁଇ ବିଷୟ ଉପରେ ଛକ୍ତିକରି ଲିଖିତ କରନ୍ତୁ :

- (a) Depiction of Women in pre-colonial period
 ପୂର୍ବ-ଉପନିବିଷ୍ଟାବଳୀକ ସମୟରେ ମହିଳାଙ୍କ ଚିତ୍ରଣ
- (b) Women's Education and Social Change
 ମହିଳାଙ୍କ ଶିକ୍ଷା ଏବଂ ସାମାଜିକ ପରିବର୍ତ୍ତନ
- (c) Women and Panchayats
 ମହିଳା ଏବଂ ପଞ୍ଚାୟତ
- (d) Depiction of Women in pre-colonial period
 ପୂର୍ବ-ଉପନିବିଷ୍ଟାବଳୀକ ସମୟରେ ମହିଳାଙ୍କ ଚିତ୍ରଣ

2017

(a) Women and Violence
শাস্তি আৰু হিংসা

তলৰ যি কোনো তিনিটা বিষয়ৰ ওপৰত ব্যুঁটোকা প্ৰস্তুত কৰা :

5×3=15

following :

4. Write short notes on any three of the

Discuss the role played by women's associations in the colonial period.
ভাৰতীয় মহিলা সংগঠনসমূহে ৱে পালন কৰা ভূমিকাৰ বিষয়ে আলোচনা কৰা।

Or / অথবা

3. Critically evaluate the role of United Nations in women's development.
যুক্তাৰ বিকাশত মহিলাসমূহৰ ভূমিকা সম্পৰ্কে এক সমালোচনামূলক মূল্যায়ন আগবঢ়োৱা।

10

Discuss the relation between women's movement and movements for protection of environment in India.
মহিলা আন্দোলন আৰু পৰিবেশ সংৰক্ষণ বাবে হোৱা আন্দোলনৰ মাজৰ সম্পৰ্ক আলোচনা কৰা।

Or / অথবা

2017

(9)

OPTION—D

(WOMEN AND POLITICS IN INDIA)

1. Discuss some of the important reasons for inadequate representation of women in various bodies of decision making.

10

ନିମ୍ନଲିଖିତକେତେକାତ୍ମି ପ୍ରତିନିଧାନସମୟରେ ତରୁଣମାନଙ୍କର ଅଧିକାଂଶତା ବ୍ୟବସ୍ଥିତି ପ୍ରତିନିଧାନସମୟରେ କିପରିକରିବାକୁ ଅକର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ କାରଣ ଆଗୋଷ୍ଠା କର ।

Or / ବାବା

Do you think that the constitutional provisions of equal rights have been able to bring about 'gender equality' in Indian society?

ତରୁଣମାନଙ୍କର ସମବାସନାକାରୀ ସମ୍ପର୍କରେ କିପରିକରିବାକୁ ଅକର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ କାରଣ ଆଗୋଷ୍ଠା କର ?

2. How do you analyze the change in the status of women from colonial to post-colonial period in India?

10

ଉପରୋକ୍ତ ବିଶ୍ଳେଷଣକାରୀ ସମୟର ମଧ୍ୟମ ଓ ଉଚ୍ଚ-ଉପନିବେଶନିକ ସମ୍ବନ୍ଧରେ କିପରିକରିବାକୁ ଅକର୍ତ୍ତବ୍ୟ କର ।

A7/667

(Turn Over)

(g) Who is the founder of SEWA (Self-Employed Women's Association)?

(f) What is the full form of GDP?

(e) The Second Sex was written by _____.

(iv) 1975-1985

(iii) 1995-2005

(ii) 1985-1995

(i) 1965-1975

(d) United Nations Decade for Women was

(iv) 1935

(iii) 1945

(ii) 1955

(i) 1927

(c) The Hindu Code Bill was passed in

- (i) J. S. Mill
 - (ii) Harriet Taylor
 - (iii) Mary Wollstonecraft
 - (iv) Simone de Beauvoir
- (b) Who is the author of the book, *Vindication of Rights of Women*?
- (a) What is the full form of CEDAW?
6. Answer/Choose the correct answer/Fill in the blank of the following : $1 \times 7 = 7$

- (a) Home is the most insecure place for women
- (b) Women's role as a mother is more glorified than that of a political decision-maker
- (c) Women rights are human rights
5. Write briefly on any two of the following : $4 \times 2 = 8$

- (a) Women and Environment
- (b) Women as Peacemaker
- (c) Mamoni Roison Goswami
- (d) Self-Employed Women's Association
4. Write short notes on any three of the following : $5 \times 3 = 15$